

元旦节手抄报英文内容

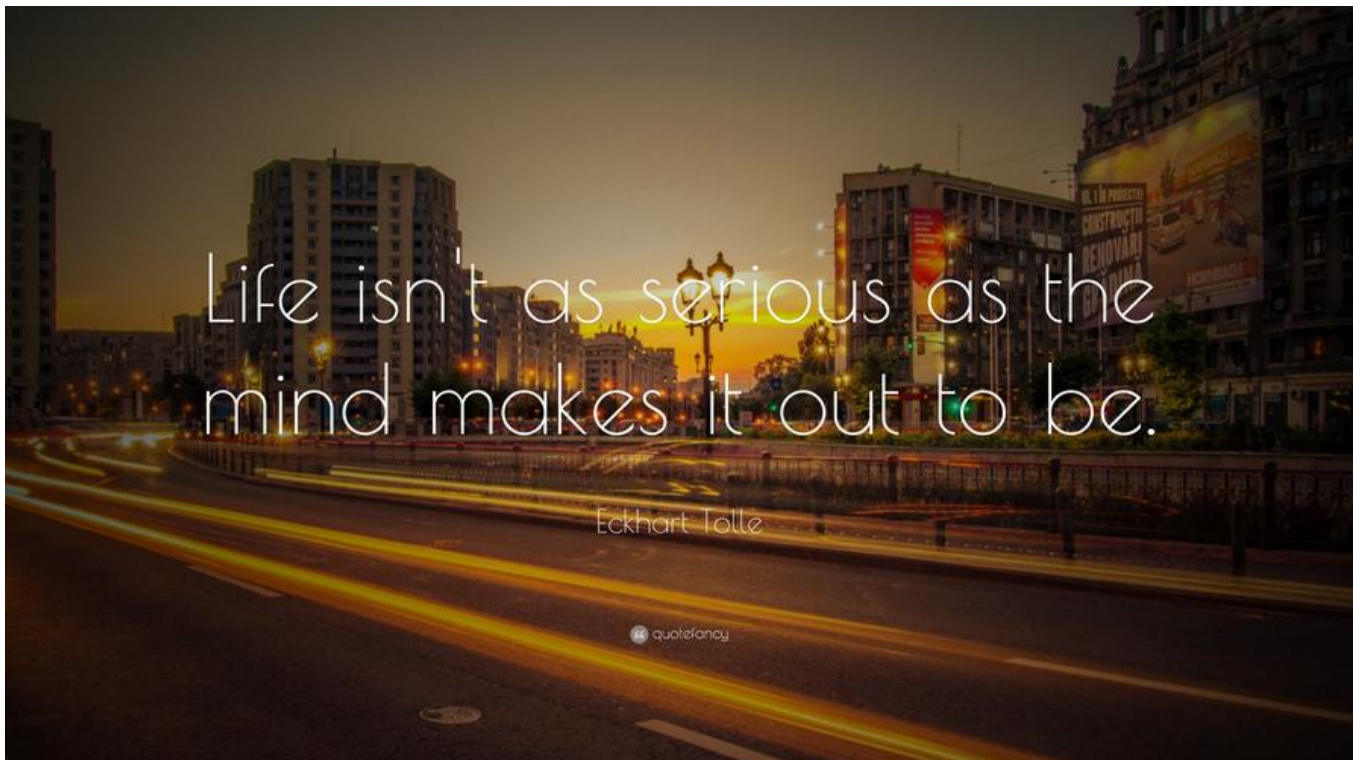
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元旦节手抄报英文内容

我们在做元旦节手抄报的时候肯定需要内容来填充，那英文的元旦资料有哪些呢？下面是小编精心为您整理的“元旦节手

抄报英文内容”，仅供参考，希望您喜欢！更多详细内容请继续关注我们哦。

元旦节手抄报英文内容：元旦的英文介绍

New Year ' s Day is the first day of the lunar calendar. it is the day when the earth has circled the sun for one round and

is beginning another circling. it represents a new beginning when people end off the old days and welcome the new ones.

as the first day of the year , yuandan has been considered to be the most important festival since the ancient times.

元旦是农历的第一天。这是一天，当地球绕着太阳转一圈，正在开始另一个循环。当人们送走旧的日子，并欢迎新的朋友

的时候，它代表了一个新的开始。作为一年的第一天，元旦已被认为是自古以来最重要的节日。

元旦节手抄报英文内容：元旦的由来英文

Yuan " have a beginning of Italy , " denier " means the time and the dawn general refers to the daytime. New Year ' s day , is the first day of the year. " New Year ' s day , the word from the earliest sishi XiaoZiYun the dielectric jas beam people poems : " four gas new New Year ' s day , WanShouChu today. " The song dynasty wu lf " the dream LiangLu " volume a " first " entries : " the ShuoRi , is known as the New Year ' s day , common cry for the New Year.

In the past dynasties on June 21 is not uniform. In the first month , system of shang , zhou dynasty in December month in November , qin shi Huang unified after six month , and the first day in October for New Year ' s day , has not changed since past dynasties (shiji) . In the beginning , yuan emperor , sima qian created the " the beginning calendar " , this ability again with the first day of the first lunar New Year ' s day , and took provisions as , say again so " XiaLi " , have been used to the revolution of 1911. The republic of China in order to establish , sun yat-n , so summer " line is the farming ; from the western , so that statistics " , the first month (New Year ' s day) , and for the Spring Festival in the western calendar January 1st as New Year ' s day.

In contemporary , New Year ' s day , refers to the Christian era at the first day. Since the western introduced into China , New Year ' s day after a word was dedicated to the New Year , the traditional JiuLiNian says the Spring Festival. And before this , New Year ' s day is always the first day of the lunar year means. Yuan is " beginning " " beginning " mean , denier means " day " , New Year ' s day , the company that is " initial day " , also is the first day of the year.

On p. 27 , 1949 the Chinese people ' s political consultative conference the first tentative plenary session resolution : " the People ' s Republic of China by the Christian conference approved , that is what we call the solar calendar , in order to distinguish the lunar New Year , and two to the solar calendar in view of the lunar year " of " 24 solar terms in just before and after the lunar New Year , so he put on the lunar calendar renamed " Spring Festival " , the solar calendar as " New Year ' s day on January 1 , thus , the New Year ' s day to become national people ' s joy festival.

Celebration of the New Year began to celebrate the New Year ' s day is , countries in the world over the common custom. In our country , but also on the national holidays. China and the most countries in the world , district the Gregorian

calendar dating method , the January 1st as the beginning of the New Year , called the " New Year ' s day " .

Beacu of the longitude of the world in different locations , countries of time is also different , accordingly , " new date there are also different. Such as Oceania located in the west of the RiJieXian island-state , it is the first day of the first place , also be to celebrate New Year ' s country. Located in the east side of the RiJieXian XiSaMaYa is the world ' s most late start a new day of place. According to the calendar to count , our country is the world ' s first start New Year 12 countries.

“元”有始之意，“旦”指天明的时间，也通指白天。元旦，便是一年开始的第一天。“元旦”一词，最早出自南北朝梁人萧子云

《介雅》诗：“四气新元旦，万寿初今朝。”宋代吴自牧《梦粱录》卷一“正月”条：“正月朔日，谓之元旦，俗呼为新年。”

我国历代元旦的月日并不一致。夏代在正月初一，商代在十二月初一，周代在十一月初一，秦始皇统一六国后，又以十月

初一日为元旦，自此历代相沿未改（《史记》）。汉武帝太初元年时，司马迁创立了“太初历”，这才又以正月初一为元旦，和

夏代规定一样，所以又称“夏历”，一直沿用到辛亥革命。中华民国建立，孙中山为了“行夏正，所以顺农时；从历，所以便统

计”，定正月初一（元旦）为春节，而以公历（公历）1月1日为新年。

在当代，元旦指公元纪年的岁首第一天。自公历传入我国以后，元旦一词便专用于新年，传统的旧历年则称春节。

而在这之前，元旦一直都是指农历岁首第一天的。元是“初”“始”的意思，旦指“日子”，元旦合称即是“初始的日子”，也就是

一年的第一天。1949年9月27日，中国人民政治协商会议第一界全体会议决议：“中华人民共和纪年采用公元纪年法”，即是

我们所说的阳历，为了区别农历和阳历两个新年，又鉴于农历二十四节气中的“立春”恰在农历新年的前后，因此便把农历正月初一改称为“春节”，阳历一月一日定为“元旦”，直到今天，元旦便成为全国人民的欢乐节日。

庆贺新年的开始，欢度元旦可以说是世界各国地区的普遍习俗。在我国，还列入了国定假日。我国和世界上大多数国

家、地区采用公历纪年法，把1月1日定为新年的开始，称作“元旦”。

由于世界各国所处的经度位置不同，各国的时间也不同，因此，“元旦”的日期也有不同。如大洋洲的岛国汤加位于日界线

的西侧，它是世界上最先开始的一天的地方，也是最先庆祝元旦的国家。而位于日界线东侧的萨摩亚则是世界上最迟开始新

的一天的地方。按公历计，我国是世界上第12个开始新年的国家。

元旦节手抄报英文内容：元旦英文祝福

To wish you joy at this holy ason. Wishing every happiness will always be with you.恭祝新年吉祥，幸福和欢乐与你同在。

May the New Year bring many good things and rich blessings to you and all tho you love！祝新年快乐，并愿你幸福吉祥，前程似锦。

Rich blessings for health and longevity is my special wish for you in the coming year.愿新年带给你和你所爱的人许多美好的事物和无尽的祝福！

Good luck , good health , hood cheer. I wish you a happy New Year.祝好运、健康、佳肴伴你度过一个快乐新年。

With best wishes for a happy New Year！祝新年快乐，并致以良好的祝福。

May you have the best New Year ever. 愿你度过最美好的新年！

Much joy to you in the up coming year. May the warmest wishes , happy thoughts and friendly greetings come at New Year and stay with you all the year through. 让温馨的祝愿、幸福的思念和友好的祝福，在新年来到你身边，伴你左右。

Plea accept our wishes for you and yours for a happy New Year.请接受我们 们对你及你全家的美好祝福，祝你们新年快乐。

May the coming New Year bring you joy , love and peace.愿新年为你带来快乐，友爱和宁静。

元旦节手抄报英文内容：元旦诗歌

Happy new year , snow is angel ' s kiss , wet our lips.

Happy new year , God will joke , so calm came to the end of the

Happy new year , red lanterns hanging high , winter in monotone

Happy new year , the poor beggar to cotton and embrace

Happy new year , the world won again in future , human beings can not forget to pray

Happy new year , the sun melted the ice , reflecting the child ' s laugh.

中文：

新年好，雪花是天使的吻，湿了我的嘴角

新年好，上帝也会玩笑，末日如此平静的来到

新年好，红灯高挂，冬日不在单调

新年好，穷人乞到了棉衣和拥抱

新年好，世界又赢得了未来，人类没忘记祈祷

新年好，阳光融化了坚冰，映照着孩子的笑

元旦节手抄报英文内容：元旦节英文句子

【1】Much joy to you in the upcoming year. 愿您在新年充满快乐。

【2】Thank you for all you have done for us.

感谢您为我们所做的一切。

【3】We ' ll be here after the New Year.

新年过后，我们还是会在这里为你守候。

【4】We won ' t forget you this holiday ason.

假期里，我们不会忘记您的。

【5】Thank you for your hard work and patience on this holiday ason.

值此佳节，谨对您的辛勤栽培表示感谢。

【6】Thank you for not as signing homework this holiday ason.

感谢您没有留假期作业。

【7】I look forward to your class after the new year.

我期待着新年过后，再上您的课。

【8】Wishing you and your family a very happy new year.

祝福您及全家新年快乐。

【9】A happy new year from all of your students.

祝您新年快乐，您的全体学生敬上。

【10】New year is a time for gladness and rejoicing ...becau there is no class.

新年是喜庆的日子——因为不用上课。

【11】May happiness follow you everywhere ...just like we do.

愿快乐随时与您同在——如同我们与您寸步不离。

【12】It ' s really a shame we can ' t be together at that moment.

我们不能在一起过春节真是太遗憾了。

【13】Best wishes for you and your family.

祝福您及您的家人。

【14】We offer New year blessings to you.

我们向您献上新年的祝福。

【15】For you and your family , boss , during this holiday ason !

值此元旦佳节，老板，献给您及您的家人。

【16】There ' s no place like home for the holidays.

在这佳节里，没有比家更好的地方了。

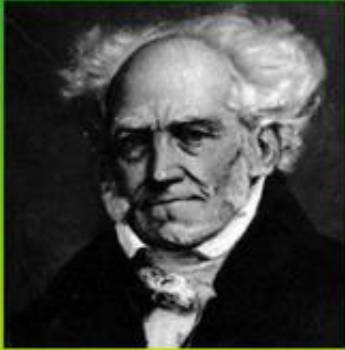
【17】Best wishes for a wonderful new year.

献上最诚挚的祝福，祝您新年愉快。

【18】May the joy of New year be with you throughout the year.

祝愿佳节的喜悦，伴随着您在度过新的一年。 【19】 May joy and health be with you always. 在此祝您永远健康快乐。

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普通人耗神於
如何打发时间；精
干的人却耗神於如
何有效利用时间。

——叔本华

不入虎穴
焉得虎子

我们的格言



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